exchange rate of rupee vis-a-vis the currency in which imports are designated remains unchanged compared to a month ago. In as much as the average exchange rate applicable to imports of rupee per dollar for February, 1993 was 32.6456 and the exchange rate for 26th March, 1993 was 31.4367, it would not be appropriate to conclude that the imports would be more expensive despite the duty reduction.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.

Evasion of excise duty by East Coast Steel Factory

3971. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether lit is a fact that 'East Coast Steel Factory' in Pondicherry was detected evading excise duty running into crores of rupees in the import of scrap and also the billets sold in the market; and

(b) if so, what action Government have taken against the company?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASEKHAR MURTHY): (a) Import of scrap is subject to payment of customs duty including additional duty (countervailing duty). No excise duty is leviable on import of scrap. No case of evasion of excise duty by M/s. East Coast Steel Ltd. on billets sold in the market has been registered.

(b) Does not anise in view of (a) above.

Claims under Personal Accident Insurance Scheme

3972/MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any Personal Accident Insurance Scheme for poor families in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) the amount of claims settled under the Scheme till date?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. ABRAR AHMED): (a) and (b) A Personal Accident Insurance Social Security Scheme for Poor Families has already bean introduced by the Central Government with effect from 15th August, 1985. The Scheme was extended in phases, to 214 districts in the country upto 14th August, 1988. With effect from 15th August, 1988, it has been extend, ed to ali the remaining districts and thus, the whole country stands covered under the Scheme. The Scheme covers all people in the age group of 18 to 60 whose total family incoine from all sources does not exceed Rs. 7,200/- per annum. A sum of Rs. 3,000 is payable to the dependents of the deceased earning member of poor families comprising of landless labourers, small f rmers, traditional crafts-men etc. The Scheme is being operated through the General Insuiance Corporation of India and its four subsidiaries viz. (i) N tional Insurance Company Limited (ii) New India Assurance Company Limited (iii) Oriental Insurance Company Limited and (iv) Unitsd India Insurance Company Limited with actiive involvement of State Governments and Union Territories. The entire cost of the Scheme is borne by the Central Government and no premium is charged from the beneficiary.

(c) Since introduction of the Scheme, a total amount of Rs. 21.88 crores has been paid towards settlement of claims till 30th September, 1992 for which the figures are available.